

INHIBITION OF HTLV-III BY EXOGENOUS  
OLIGONUCLEOTIDES

ABSTRACT

Inhibition of HTLV-III by administration of an  
05 oligonucleotide complementary to highly conserved regions  
of the HTLV-III genome necessary for HTLV-III replication  
and/or gene expression is described, as are  
oligodeoxynucleotide sequences which are complementary to  
those regions, methods of inhibiting HTLV-III replication  
10 and gene expression and methods of determining the  
presence or absence of HTLV-III virus in samples such as  
blood, saliva, urine and tears.